



LUND  
UNIVERSITY

# Removal of micropollutants by ozone – is normalization on COD better than on TOC?

---

MICHAEL CIMBRITZ, DEP. OF CHEMICAL ENGINEERING



# Reningstekniker för läkemedel och mikroföroreningar i avloppsvatten

Redovisning av åtta projekt som fått medel från Havs- och  
vattenmiljöanslaget 2014-2017



## Reduktion av svårnedbrytbara föroreningar i avloppsvatten (RESVAV)

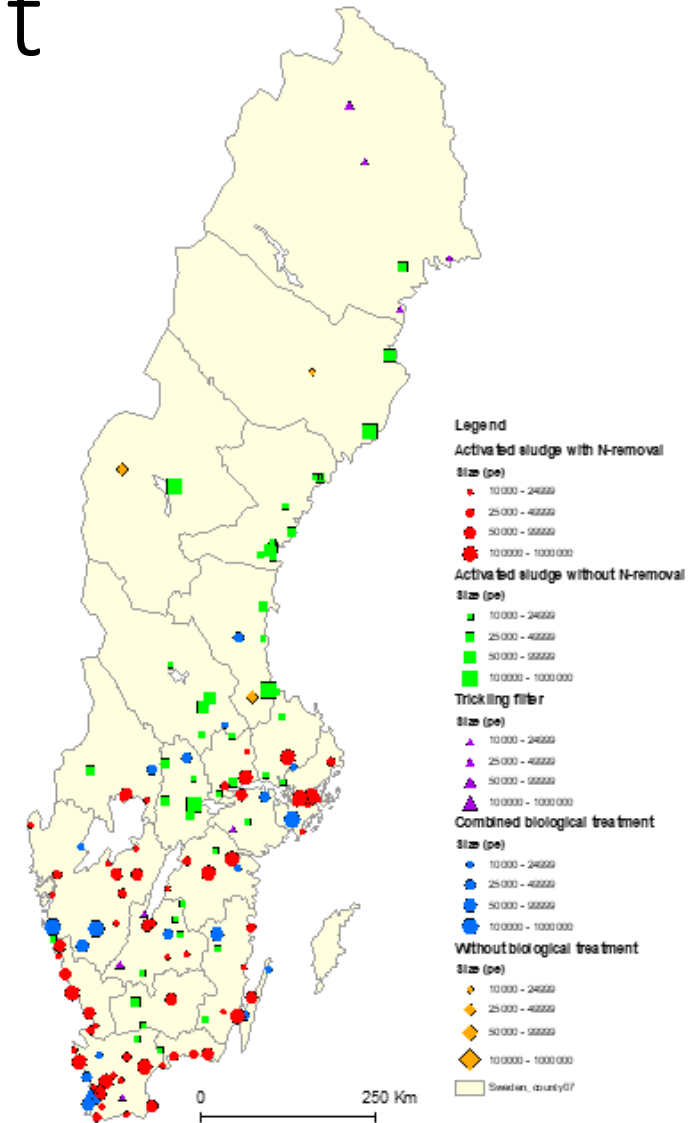
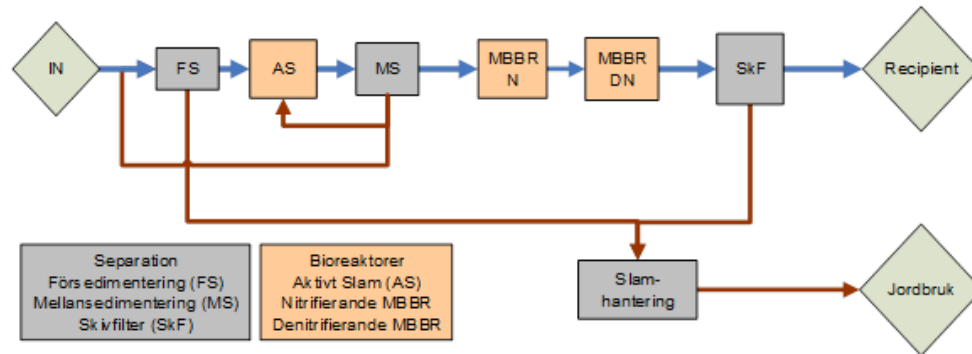
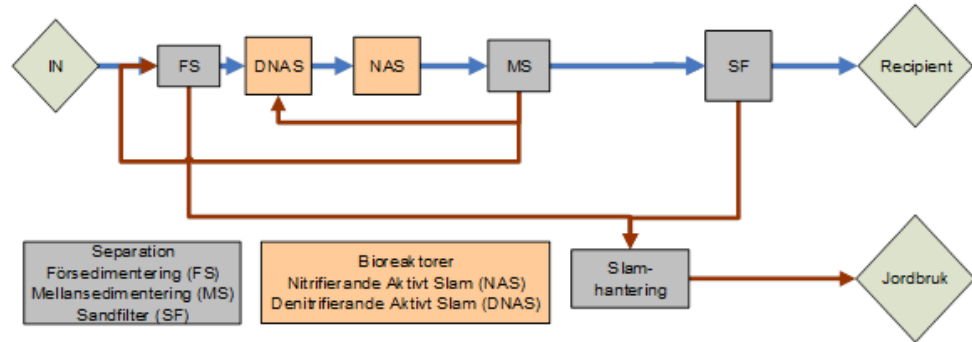
*en projektsammanställning*



*Michael Cimbritz*



# Swedish wastewater treatment





# Pilot studies in southern Sweden

Chemical Engineering Journal 325 (2017) 310–321



ELSEVIER

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Chemical Engineering Journal

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/cej](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/cej)

Chemical  
Engineering  
Journal

© IWA Publishing 2017  
871

Water Practice & Technology Vol 12 No 4  
doi: 10.2166/wpt.2017.087

## Removal of pharmaceuticals with ozone at 10 Swedish wastewater treatment plants

F. Nilsson<sup>a,b,\*</sup>, M. Ekblad<sup>a,c</sup>, J. la Cour Jansen<sup>a</sup> and K. Jönsson<sup>a</sup>

Ozonation efficiency in removing organic micro pollutants from wastewater with respect to hydraulic loading rates and different wastewaters



H. El-taliawy<sup>a</sup>, M. Ekblad<sup>b,c</sup>, F. Nilsson<sup>d</sup>, M.  
J. la Cour Jansen<sup>b</sup>, K. Bester<sup>a,\*</sup>

Science of the Total Environment 658 (2019) 449–456



ELSEVIER

Contents lists available at ScienceDirect

Science of the Total Environment

journal homepage: [www.elsevier.com/locate/scitotenv](http://www.elsevier.com/locate/scitotenv)



## Is dissolved COD a suitable design parameter for ozone oxidation of organic micropollutants in wastewater?



M. Ekblad<sup>a,b,\*</sup>, P. Falås<sup>a</sup>, H. El-taliawy<sup>c</sup>, F. Nilsson<sup>a,d</sup>, K. Bester<sup>c</sup>, M. Hagman<sup>b</sup>, M. Cimbritz<sup>a</sup>

<sup>a</sup> Department of Chemical Engineering, Lund University, PO Box 124, 221 00 Lund, Sweden

<sup>b</sup> Sweden Water Research AB, Ideon Science Park, Scheelevägen 15, 223 70 Lund, Sweden

<sup>c</sup> Department of Environmental Science, Aarhus University, Frederiksborgsvej 399, Roskilde 4000, Denmark

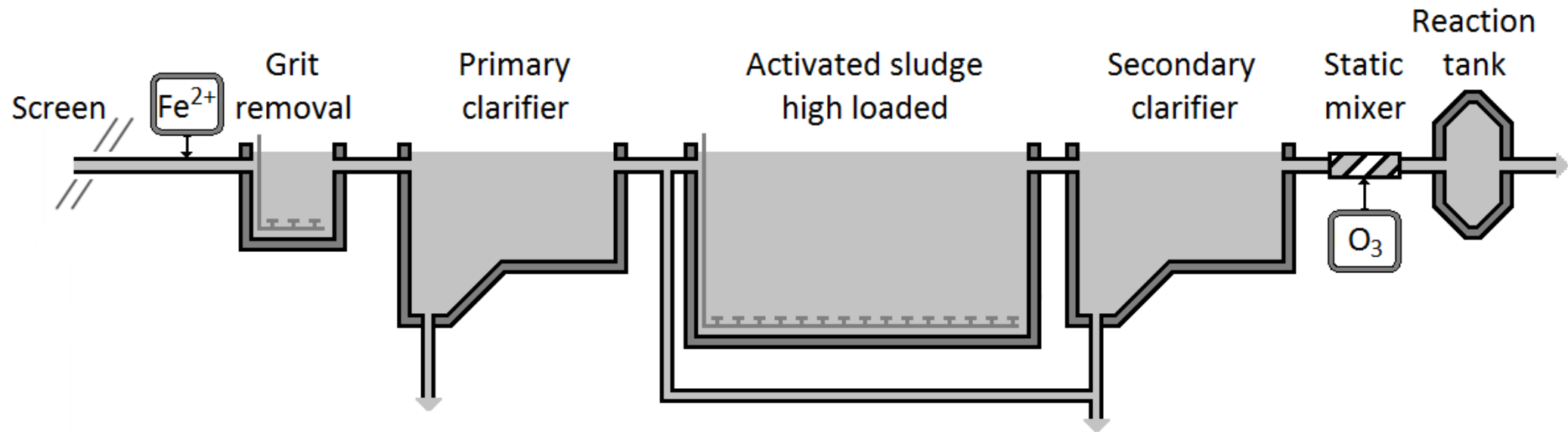
<sup>d</sup> Primozone Production AB, Terminalvägen 2, 246 42 Löddeköpinge, Sweden

al Engineering, Lund University, P.O. Box 124,

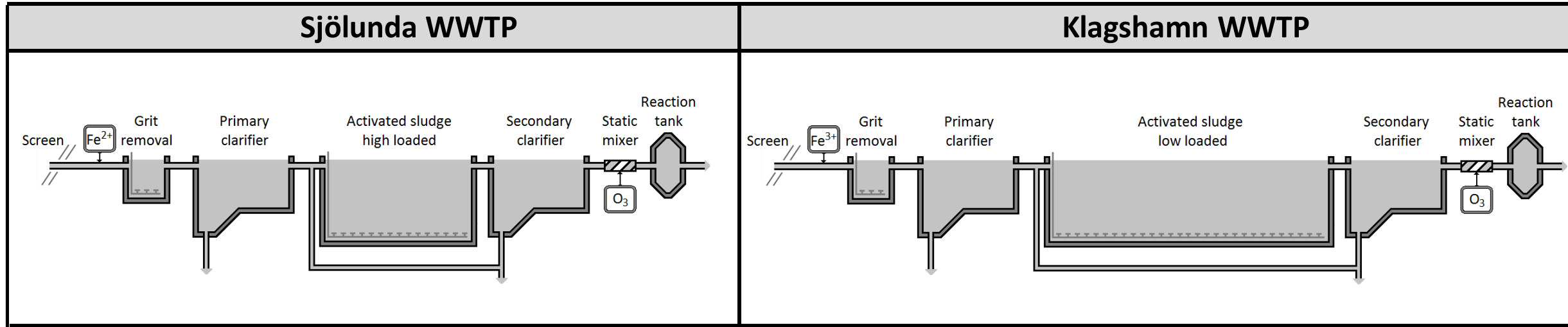
2, Sweden

Lund 223 70, Sweden

# Ozone oxidation of micropollutants in wastewater with different degrees of biological treatment

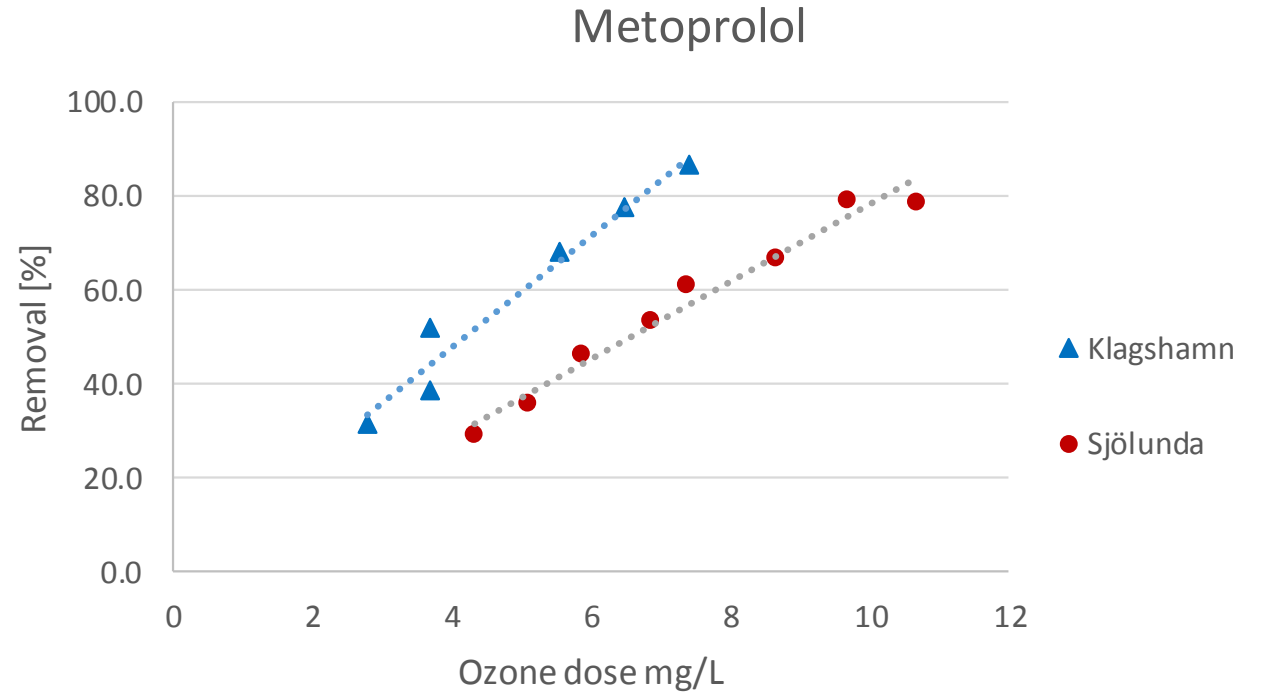
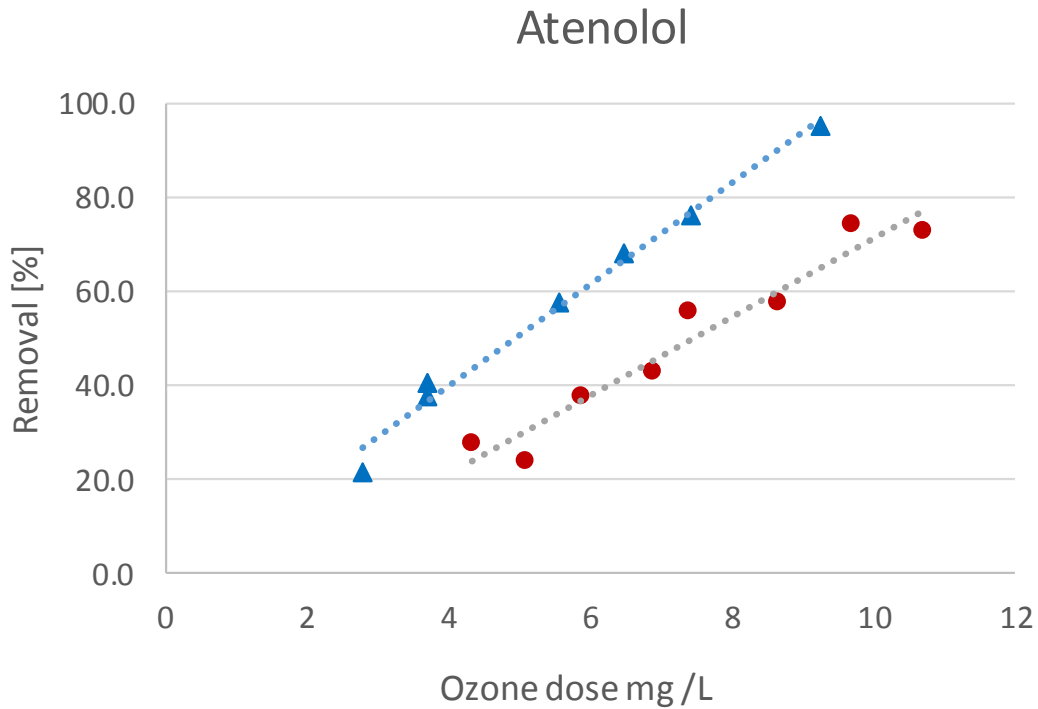


# Ozone oxidation of micropollutants in wastewater with different degrees of biological treatment



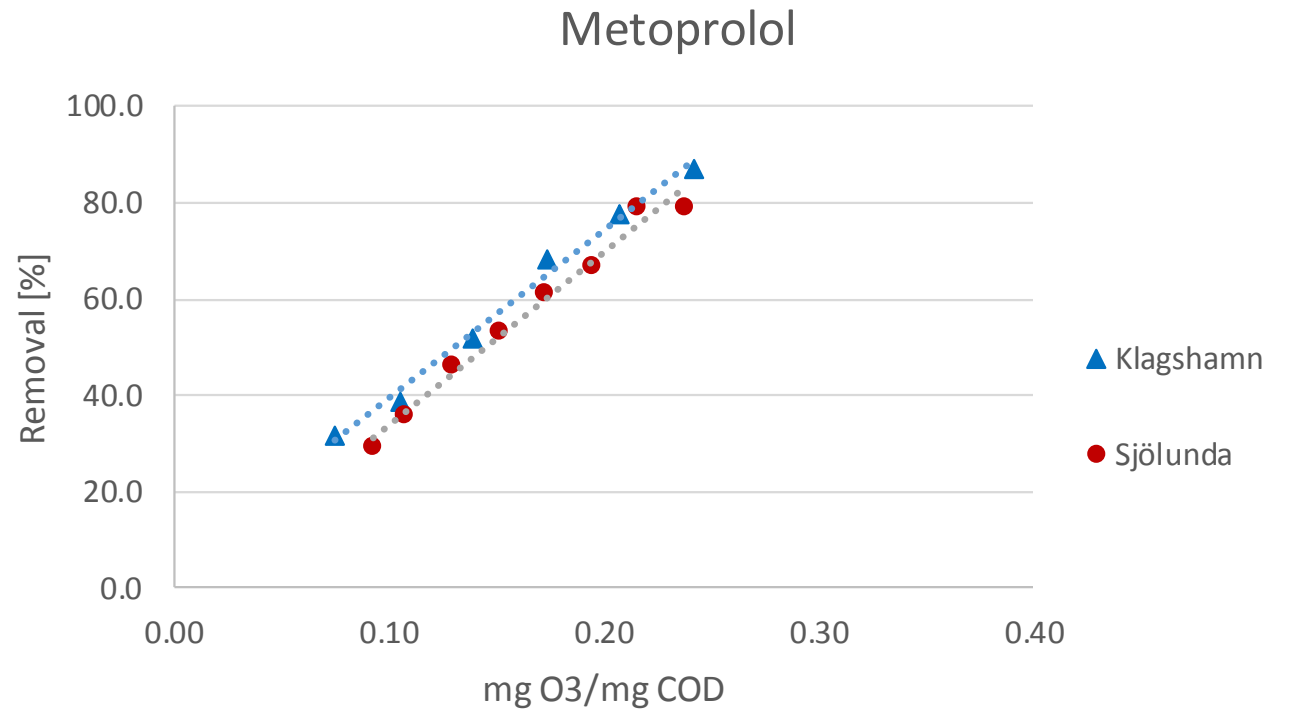
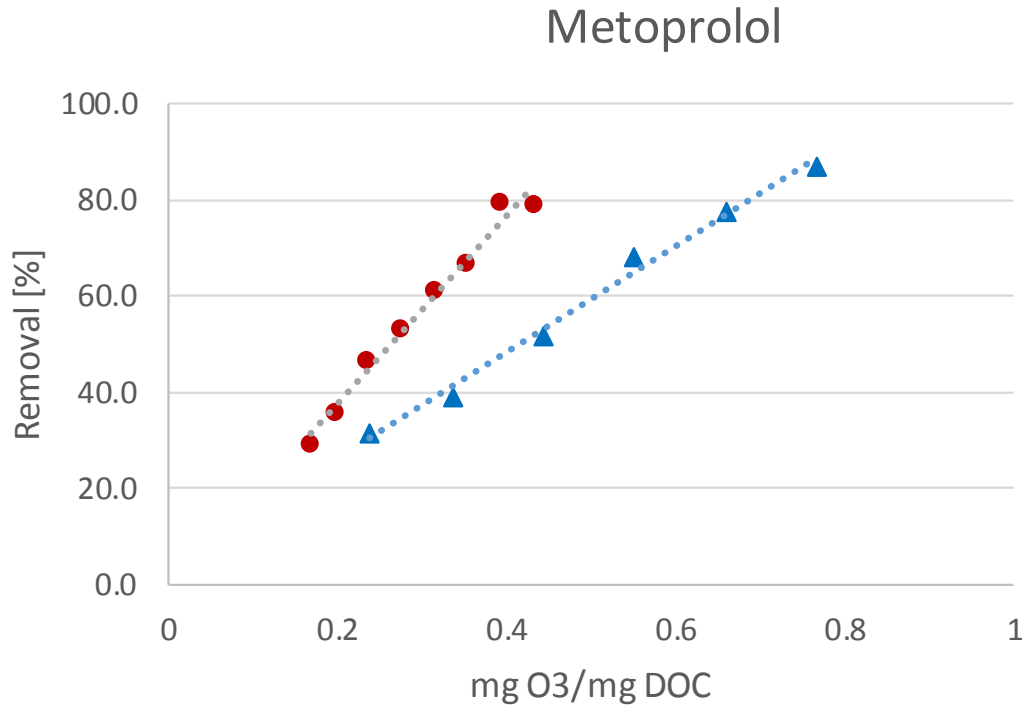
	Activated sludge treatment	Activated sludge treatment
HRT (h)	3	5-6
SRT (d)	2	11
MLSS (g/L)	2-4	2-4
O <sub>2</sub> (mg/L)	2	2
Temperature (°C)	20	20

# Removal at different ozone doses



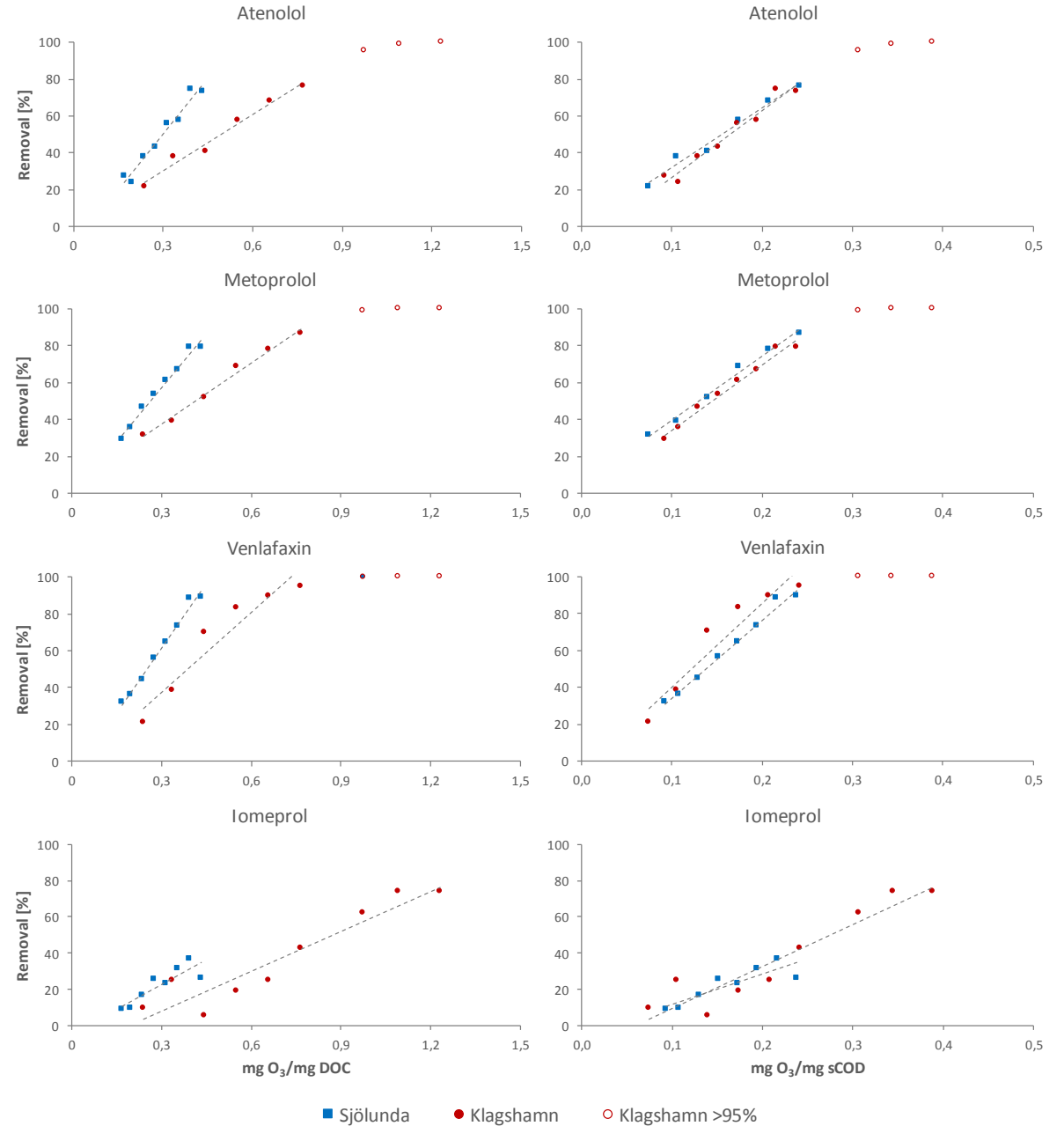
	DOC (mg/L)
Klagshamn	9.3
Sjölanda	25.5

# Normalized ozone doses

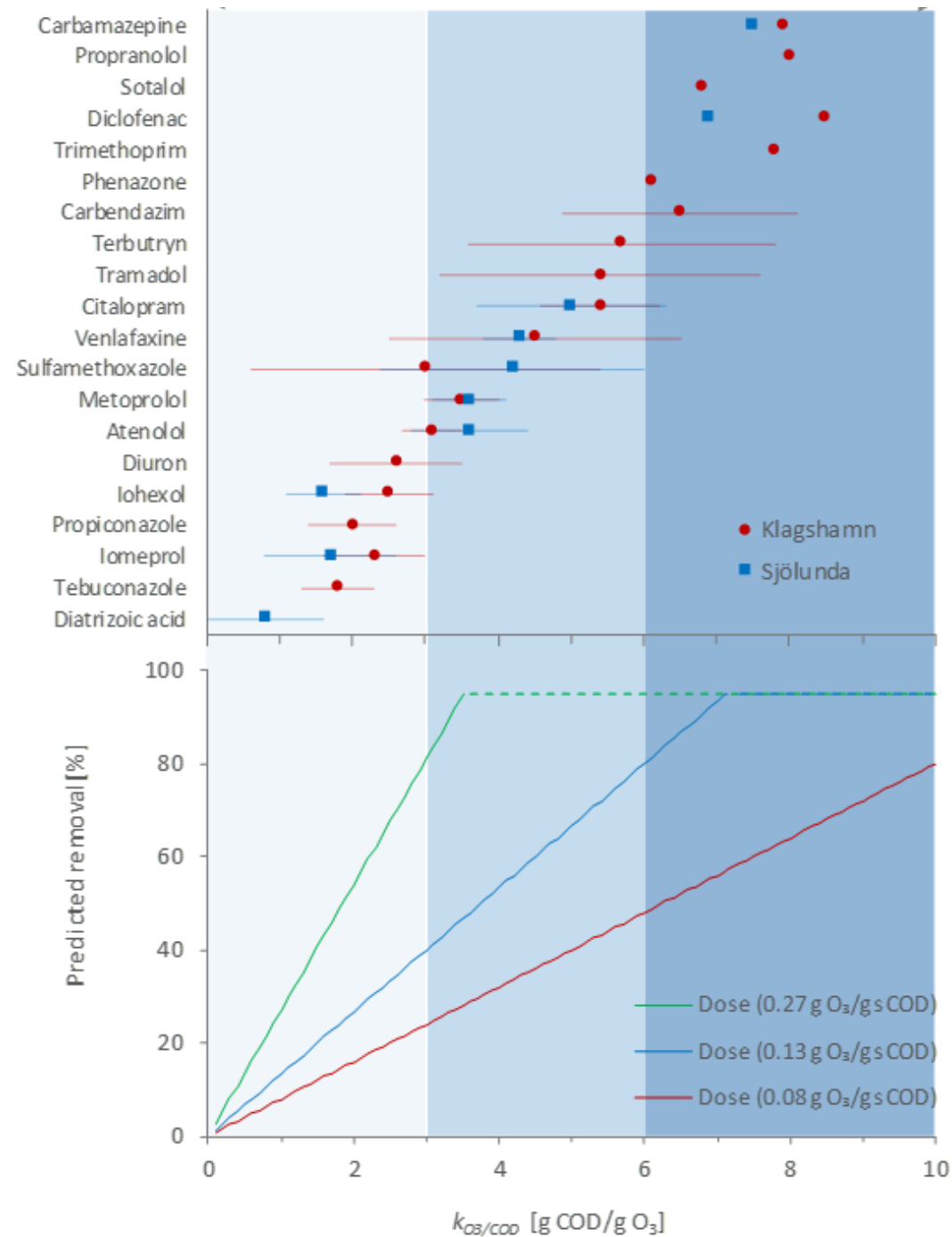
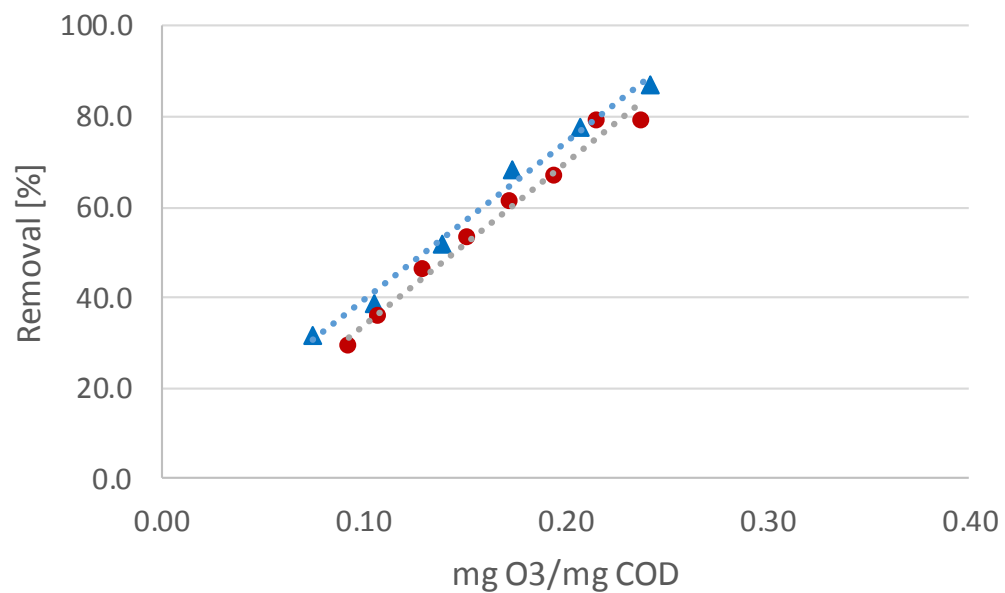




# Normalized ozone doses



# The slope - $k_{COD/O_3}$



# Predicted removal / Measured removal

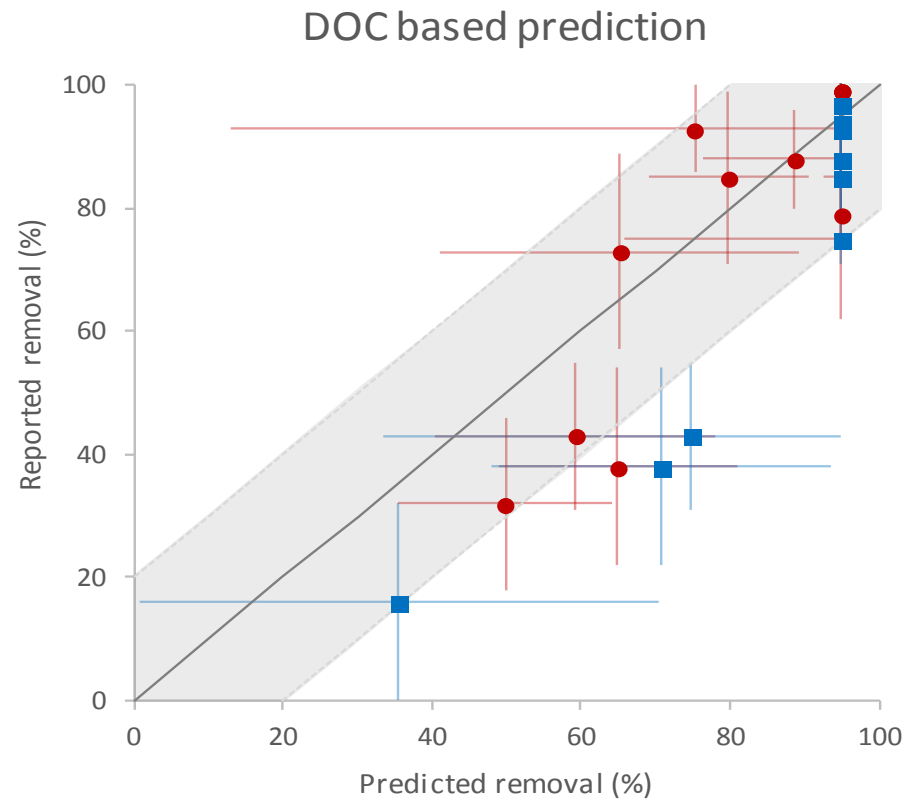
## Treatment of micropollutants in municipal wastewater: Ozone or powdered activated carbon?

Jonas Margot <sup>a,\*</sup>, Cornelia Kienle <sup>b</sup>, Anouïs Magnet <sup>c</sup>, Mirco Weil <sup>d</sup>, Luca Rossi <sup>e</sup>, Luiz Felipe de Alencastro <sup>f</sup>, Christian Abegglen <sup>g,h</sup>, Denis Thonney <sup>i,j</sup>, Nathalie Chèvre <sup>k</sup>, Michael Schärer <sup>l</sup>, D.A. Barry <sup>g</sup>

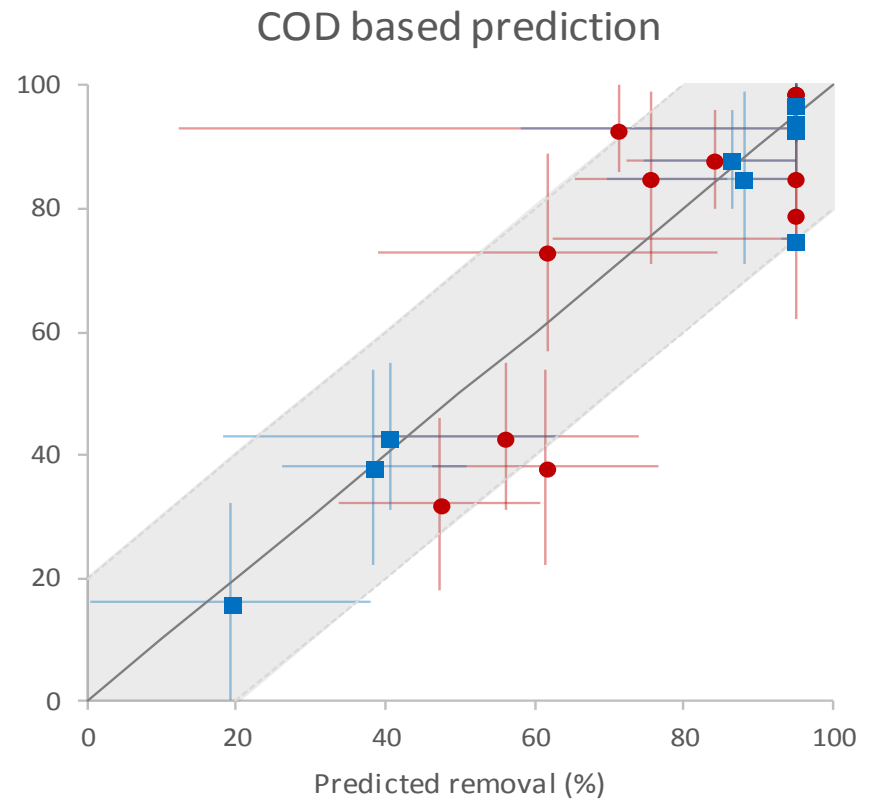
<sup>a</sup> School of Architecture, Civil and Environmental Engineering (ENAC), École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne (EPFL), Station 2, 1015 Lausanne, Switzerland  
<sup>b</sup> Swiss Centre for Applied Biotechnology, Empa/EPFL, Überlandstrasse 133, 8600 Dübendorf, Switzerland  
<sup>c</sup> Sanitation Service, City of Lausanne, Rue des Armes 33, 1002 Lausanne, Switzerland  
<sup>d</sup> ECT Odebrecht/Amgen GmbH, Bismarckstrasse 2-14, 41070 Ettlingen, Germany  
<sup>e</sup> Swiss Federal Institute of Aquatic Science and Technology (Eawag), Überlandstrasse 133, 8600 Dübendorf, Switzerland  
<sup>f</sup> Faculty of Geosciences and the Environment, University of Lausanne, 1015 Lausanne, Switzerland  
<sup>g</sup> Federal Office for the Environment (FOEN), Water Division, 3003 Bern, Switzerland

### HIGHLIGHTS

- Micropollutants are efficiently removed by both ozone and powdered activated carbon.
- Specific substances were removed more efficiently by ozone.
- Powdered activated carbon effectively removed a wider range of pollutants.
- Both treatments significantly reduced the toxicity of WWTP effluent.
- Both treatments are feasible for use in municipal WWTPs.

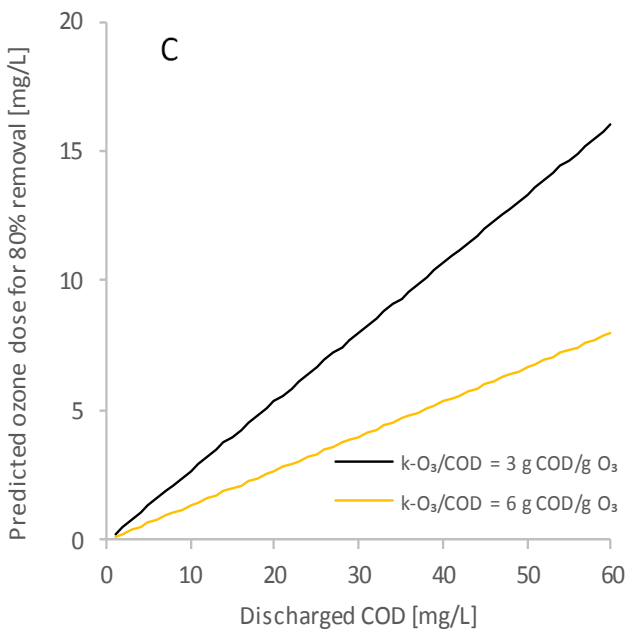
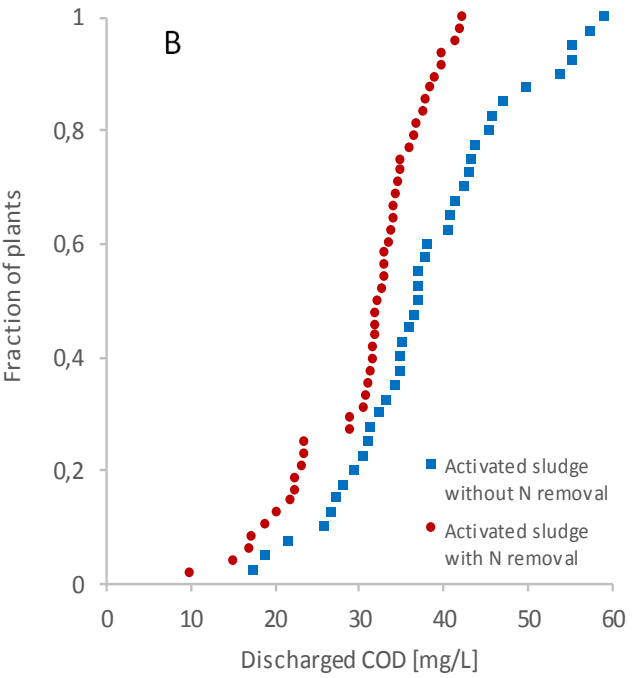
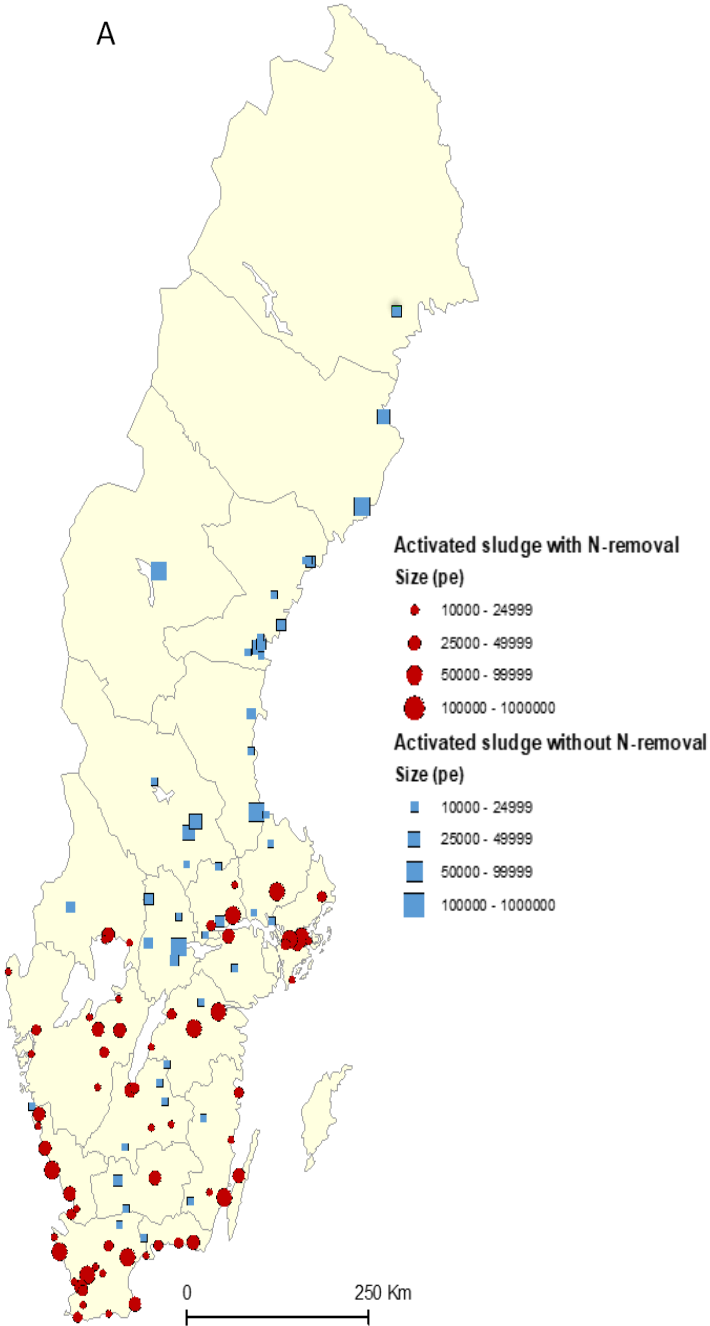


● Case 1 (Klagshamn)



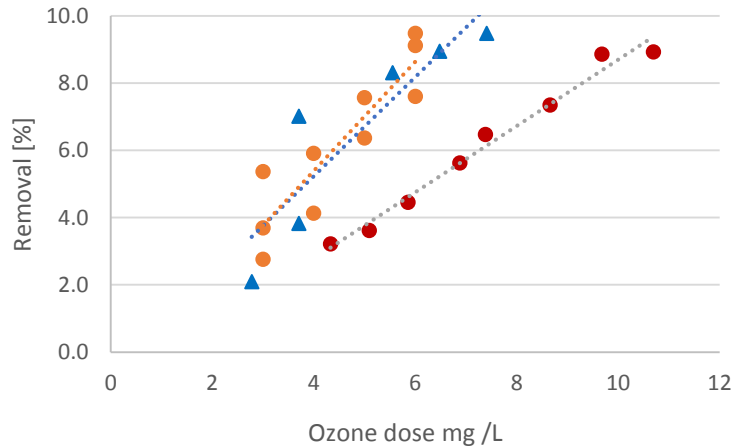
■ Case 2 (Sjölunda)

# A national perspective

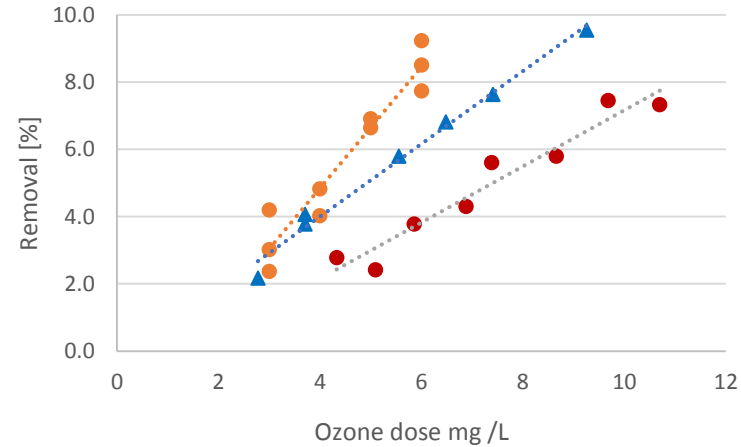


# Comparison with Pilot in Bonus Cleanwater

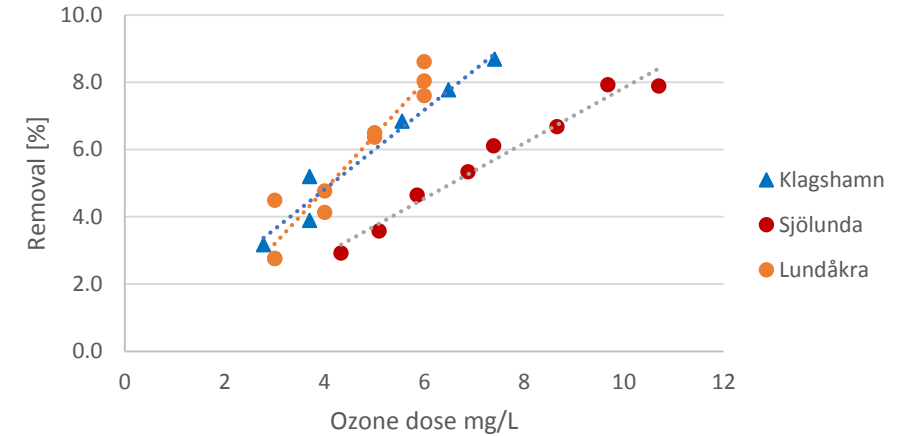
Venlafaxine



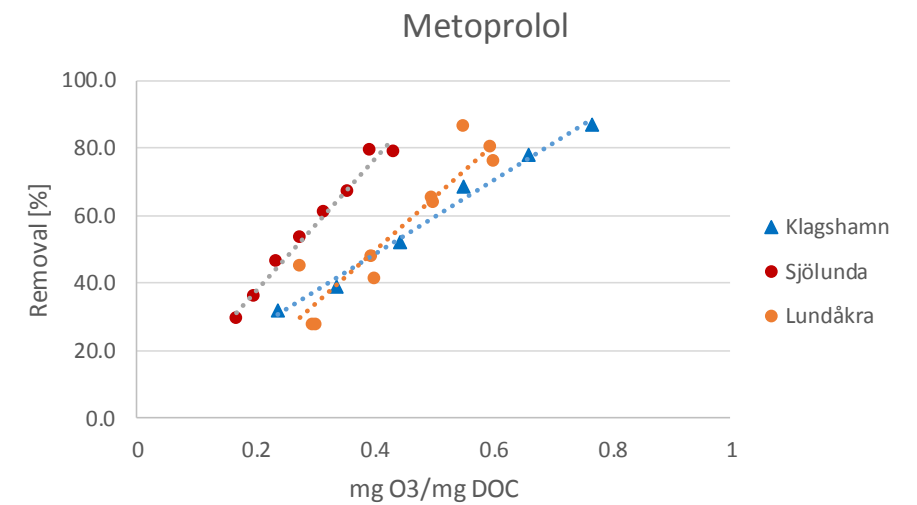
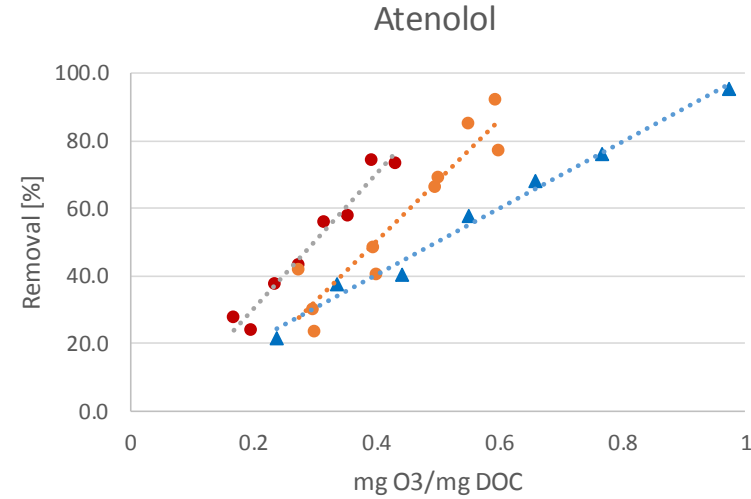
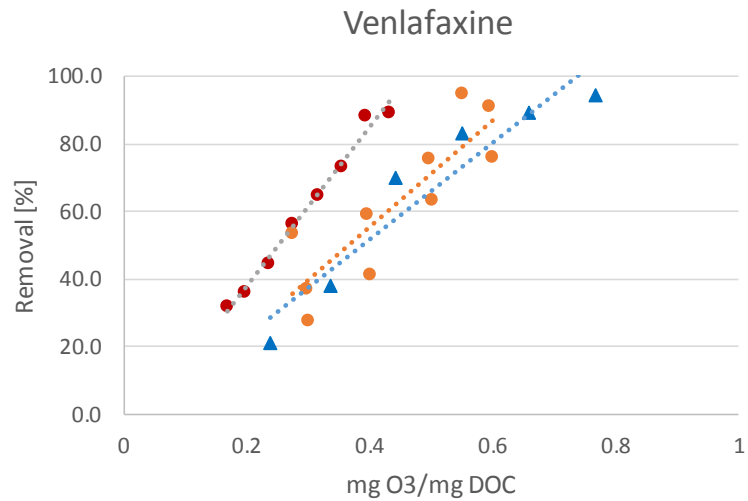
Atenolol



Metoprolol



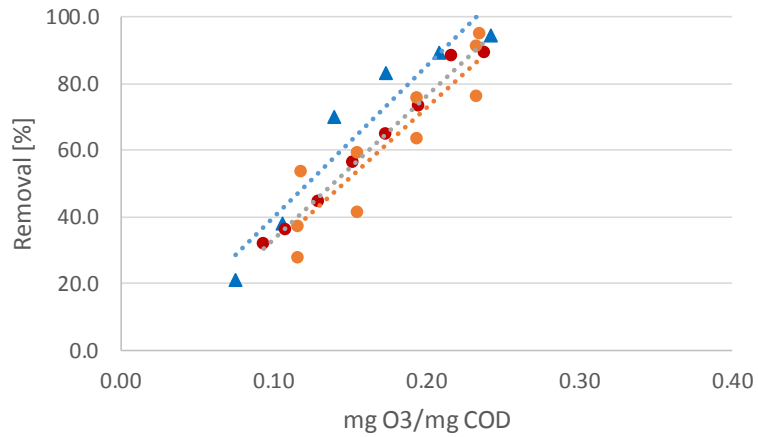
# Comparison with Pilot in Bonus Cleanwater



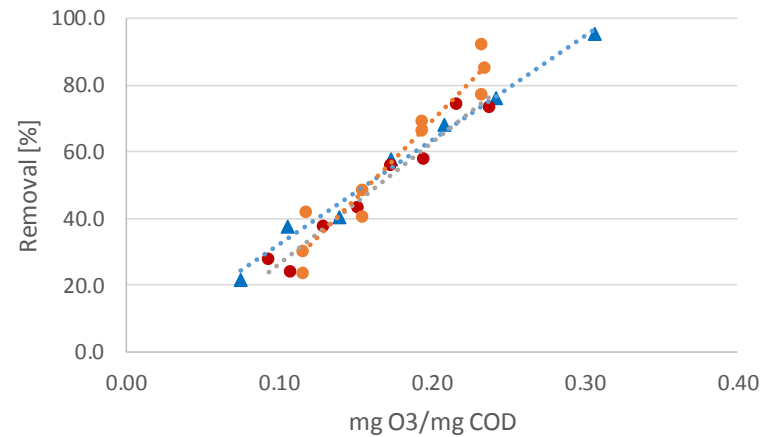


# Comparison with Pilot in Bonus Cleanwater

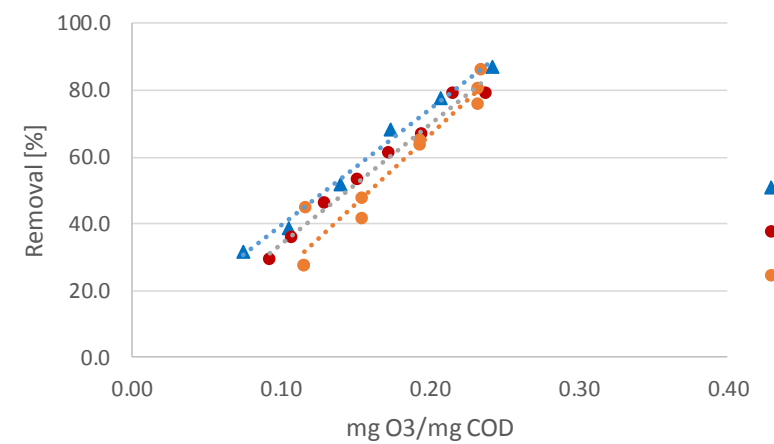
Venlafaxine



Atenolol



Metoprolol



- ▲ Klagshamn
- Sjölunda
- Lundåkra

# Thank you for listening!

